

BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF COLORADO

PROCEEDING NO. 22C-0319-INS

IN THE MATTER OF COMMISSION ACTION AGAINST THE CERTIFICATE(S) AND PERMIT(S) OF MOTOR CARRIERS CONCERNING FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY PURSUANT TO § 40-10.1-112, C.R.S., AND RULE 4 CCR 723-6-6008 OF THE RULES REGULATING TRANSPORTATION BY MOTOR VEHICLES.

**RECOMMENDED DECISION OF
ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE
AVIV SEGEV
REVOKING AUTHORITIES AND PERMITS**

Mailed Date: August 10, 2022

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I. STATEMENT AND SUMMARY

1. Except as noted, this Recommended Decision grants the relief sought in the Public Utilities Commission Staff's (Commission Staff or Staff) Complaints against the motor-carrier Respondents listed in Appendix A to this Recommended Decision, revoking Respondents' authorities and permits based on their failure to keep currently effective proof of financial responsibility on file with the Public Utilities Commission (Commission or PUC). This Recommended Decision also provides avenues for Respondents listed in Appendix A to avoid revocation by taking action before this Recommended Decision becomes effective and dismisses the Complaint against six Respondents.

II. BACKGROUND, FINDINGS, LAW, ANALYSIS, AND CONCLUSIONS

A. Background

2. Commission Staff instituted the cases in this proceeding by "Order of Summary Suspension and Complaint and Notice of Hearing" (Complaints) against the motor carrier-Respondents¹ in this proceeding on July 11, 2022.²

3. The Complaints against each of the Respondents allege that the Commission received notice from the Respondents' insurance or surety carriers that the Respondents' insurance or surety coverage will be cancelled as specifically identified in each Complaint.³ The Complaints further notify Respondents that their authorities or permits have been, or will be, summarily suspended on the date specified in each Complaint and informs Respondents that a

¹ This proceeding involves numerous Respondents against whom the Commission initiated Complaints by sending each of them an "Order of Summary Suspension and Complaint and Notice of Hearing." Hearing Exhibit 2. Each of those Complaints, which is assigned a unique "Case No.," specifies the grounds unique to each Respondent. Each of these case numbers are a part of this single proceeding.

² Hearing Exhibit 2.

³ *Id.*

hearing will be held by video-conference on July 27, 2022, at 12:00 p.m. to determine whether the Respondents' respective authorities or permits should be permanently revoked for failing to maintain proper evidence of insurance or surety coverage with the Commission.⁴

4. On July 26, 2022, Staff filed Exhibits 1 through 5 and a Notice stating that Hearing Exhibits 1 through 5 were served on Respondents by e-mail on that day.⁵

5. The Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) held the hearing as noticed in the Complaints on July 27, 2022, at approximately 12:00 p.m. Staff appeared with counsel. Jon Keith Keelan, dba Alpine Limousine (Alpine Limousine), Victor Torres with VEL TOWING SERVICES (VEL Towing), and Noe Lopez with REGIO'S TOWING (Regio's Towing) appeared unrepresented by counsel.⁶ No other Respondent appeared.

6. During the hearing, Ms. Marquita Riley and Messrs. Keelan, Torres, and Lopez testified and Hearing Exhibits 1 through 5 were admitted into evidence.

B. Factual Findings

7. Ms. Riley is responsible for reviewing Commission records and coordinating with other Commission Staff to commence proceedings against motor carriers to suspend and revoke their permits and authorities when they do not have currently effective proof of insurance or surety coverage on file with the Commission. Ms. Riley assisted with initiating this proceeding against Respondents because the Commission received notice from each of the Respondents' insurance or surety carriers of the imminent cancellation of their insurance or surety coverage.⁷

⁴ Hearing Exhibits 2-3.

⁵ See Notice Concerning the Service of Exhibits 1 through 5 for the July 27, 2022 Show Cause Hearing on Respondents (Notice), filed on July 26, 2022.

⁶ Consistent with Rule 1201(b)(II), 4 Code of Colorado Regulations (CCR) 723-1 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure and based on the record and the testimonies by Messrs. Keelan, Torres, and Lopez, the ALJ determined that Messrs. Keelan, Torres, and Lopez (non-attorneys) may represent in this proceeding Alpine Limousine, Vel Towing, and Regio Towing, respectively, and allowed Messrs. Keelan, Torres, and Lopez to do so.

⁷ Hearing Exhibits 1-3.

8. Ms. Riley explained that the Commission served the Complaints and Attachment A to the Complaints upon the Respondents by United States mail on July 11, 2022, at the addresses, and upon the persons identified as designated agents for the Respondents, as provided in the Commission's files.⁸

9. Respondents provided the Commission the addresses and identities of their designated agents that were used to serve the Complaints in this proceeding. The Certificate of Service for the Complaints demonstrates that the Commission served the Respondents by mailing the Complaints addressed as indicated in the "Hearing Cycle Listing."⁹ The referenced Hearing Cycle Listing is Hearing Exhibit 1.¹⁰ Hearing Exhibit 1 includes those carriers listed in Hearing Exhibit 5, their designated agents and addresses as on file with the Commission as of July 11, 2022, and whose insurance or surety faced imminent termination as of that same date.¹¹

10. Ms. Riley testified that after July 11, 2022, Ms. Riley searched Commission records to determine whether any Respondents took other action rendering it unnecessary to revoke their permits, such as coming into compliance with their financial responsibility obligations, cancelling their permits, or initiating a Commission proceeding which may impact this one (*e.g.*, application seeking to suspend a permit). Ms. Riley identified Respondents who came into compliance with their financial responsibility obligations or took other action rendering it unnecessary to revoke their permits

⁸ Hearing Exhibits 1-4.

⁹ Hearing Exhibit 4.

¹⁰ See Hearing Exhibits 1 and 4.

¹¹ See also Hearing Exhibit 2.

after the Complaints were mailed. On July 26, 2022, Staff filed an updated list of Respondents who remained out of compliance with the Commission's financial responsibility requirements. That list is Hearing Exhibit 5.¹²

11. On July 26, 2022, Hearing Exhibits 1 through 5 were emailed to the Respondents who remained out of compliance as of that date at the Respondents' e-mail addresses on file with the Commission.¹³

12. On the day of the hearing, July 27, 2022, Ms. Riley, again, reviewed Commission records to determine if any Respondents listed in Hearing Exhibit 5 took action to eliminate the need to revoke their permits. Ms. Riley testified that as of July 27, 2022, Corrine D. Rash (Rash) (PUC No. 55910, Case No. 12898-INS) submitted a request to suspend her permit. Ms. Riley further testified that as of July 27, 2022, the Commission received proof of insurance for Top Dawg Asset Recovery, LLC (Top Dawg) (PUC No. T-04281, Case No. 12911-INS), Tri State Towing, LLC (Tri State) (PUC No. T-05141, Case No. 12911-INS), Luke's Towing LLC (Luke's Towing) (PUC No. T-04724, Case No. 12866-INS), MUV Relocation LLC (MUV Relocation) (PUC No. T-00674, Case No. 12895-INS), and Able Towing of Cortez (Able Towing) (PUC No. T-03920, Case No. 12885-INS). Based on the forgoing, Ms. Riley requested that the Complaint against Rash, Top Dawg, Tri State, Luke's Towing, MUV Relocation, and Able Towing be dismissed.

¹² In contrast, Hearing Exhibit 1 is the list of carriers who were non-compliant when the Commission issued the Complaints on July 11, 2022. As the difference in the number of carriers listed in Hearing Exhibits 1 and 5 makes evident, several carriers came into compliance since the Commission issued the Complaints. All the carriers listed in Hearing Exhibit 5 are listed in Hearing Exhibit 1.

¹³ See Notice.

13. Ms. Riley asked that the permits and authorities of the remaining Respondents listed in Hearing Exhibit 5 be revoked for failing to meet their financial responsibility obligations.

14. VEL Towing owns PUC No. T-04114.¹⁴ The Complaint against VEL Towing alleges that it failed to ensure that proof of active liability cargo and liability insurance or surety coverage (Commission Forms E and H) is on file with the Commission in the form and manner required.¹⁵ Mr. Torres testified that VEL Towing had recently changed its insurance carriers and that VEL Towing's new insurance company is expected to file with the Commission VEL Towing's proof of insurance by Friday, July 29, 2022.

15. Alpine Limousine owns PUC No. LL-717.¹⁶ The Complaint against Alpine Limousine alleges that it failed to ensure that proof of active liability insurance or surety coverage (Commission Form E) is on file with the Commission in the form and manner required.¹⁷ Mr. Keelan testified that Alpine Limousine's carries appropriate insurance and that Alpine Limousine's insurance carrier attempted to submit Alpine Limousine's proof of insurance multiple times but the Staff rejected the same.

16. Regio's Towing owns PUC No. T-03867.¹⁸ The Complaint against Alpine Limousine alleges that it failed to ensure that proof of active cargo and liability insurance or surety coverage (Commission Forms E and H) is on file with the Commission in the form and

¹⁴ Hearing Exhibit 2 at 21.

¹⁵ See Notice.

¹⁶ Hearing Exhibit 2 at 4.

¹⁷ See Notice.

¹⁸ Hearing Exhibit 2 at 18.

manner required.¹⁹ Mr. Lopez testified that Regio's Towing carries appropriate insurance coverage and that Mr. Lopez contacted Regio's Towing's insurance carrier on several occasions and was informed by the insurance carrier that the carrier has attempted to submit and the Staff to ensure that Regio's Towing insurance carrier submit Regio's Towing's proof of insurance. Mr. Lopez also testified that he contacted the Staff who in turn informed him that no proof of insurance had been submitted by Regio's Towing's insurance carrier.

17. Ms. Riley indicated that that she would be available to assist Messrs. Torres, Keelan, and Lopez with respect to the filing of evidence of insurance or surety coverage with the Commission.

C. Applicable Law.

1. Financial Responsibility Requirements and the Commission's Authority to Revoke Permits and Authorities.

18. Generally, motor carriers holding a Commission permit, authority, or certificate must maintain and file evidence of financial responsibility with the Commission in such sum, for such protection, and in such form as the Commission deems necessary to adequately safeguard the public interest.²⁰ Motor carriers must ensure their insurance or surety coverage is kept continuously effective during the life of a certificate or permit to operate.²¹ Commission Rule 6008, 4 *Code of Colorado Regulations* (CCR) 723-6 of the Rules Regulating Transportation by Motor Vehicle, identifies the amount, type of protection, and form for the insurance or surety coverage that motor carriers must maintain at all times in order to safeguard the public interest.

¹⁹ *Id.*

²⁰ § 40-10.1-107(1), C.R.S. (2021); Rule 6008 of the Rules Regulating Transportation by Motor Vehicle, 4 CCR 723-6.

²¹ § 40-10.1-107(3), C.R.S.

19. Specifically, motor carriers must obtain and keep motor vehicle liability insurance or surety bond coverage in force at all times.²² In addition to motor vehicle liability coverage, towing carriers and household goods movers must maintain and keep cargo liability insurance or surety bond coverage in force at all times.²³ Towing carriers must obtain and keep worker's compensation insurance in force at all times; and towing carriers providing storage must obtain and keep garage keeper's liability insurance in force at all times.²⁴ And, in addition to motor vehicle liability and cargo liability coverage, household goods movers must obtain and keep general liability insurance or surety coverage in force at all times.²⁵

20. Motor carriers are responsible for maintaining and filing evidence of the required financial responsibility coverage with the Commission.²⁶ They must ensure their insurance or surety coverage is kept continuously effective during the life of a certificate or permit to operate.²⁷ Insurers and sureties must notify the policy or bond holder *and* the Commission when terminating a policy or bond at least 30 days before the effective date of termination; failing that, termination is not valid.²⁸ As a result, the Commission regularly receives notice from insurance or surety carriers about imminent policy or bond terminations for motor carriers licensed by the Commission.²⁹

21. Notice of cancellation from a motor carrier's insurance or surety carrier is evidence that the motor carrier no longer has proof of financial responsibility on file with the

²² Rule 6008(a)(I), 4 CCR 723-6.

²³ Rule 6008(a)(I) and (III), 4 CCR 723-6.

²⁴ Rule 6008(a)(IV) and (V), 4 CCR 723-6.

²⁵ Rule 6008(a)(VI), 4 CCR 723-6.

²⁶ § 40-10.1-107(1), C.R.S., and Rule 6008(a), 4 CCR 723-6.

²⁷ § 40-10.1-107(3), C.R.S.

²⁸ § 40-10.1-107(4), C.R.S.

²⁹ *Id.*

Commission.³⁰ Failure to have proof of current and effective insurance or surety coverage on file with the Commission creates a rebuttable presumption that the carrier is in violation of the financial responsibility requirements.³¹

22. Section 40-10.1-112(1)(a) and (c), C.R.S., provides that a Commission-issued authority or permit may be suspended, revoked, altered, or amended if it is established to the satisfaction of the Commission at a properly-noticed hearing that the holder of that authority or permit has violated Article 10.1, Title 40 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, or any applicable Commission rule. Rules 6009 and 6011, 4 CCR 723-6, also provide the Commission authority to revoke a permit or authority in the circumstances here.

2. Notice and Service Requirements

23. The Commission must provide Respondents with notice of the Complaints against them, including sufficient facts to adequately advise Respondents of the relief sought and how they are alleged to have violated the law, as well as the time affixed for a hearing on the Complaints.³² Such notice must be served upon the Respondents, which may be accomplished by mail.³³

24. Regulated motor carriers must provide the Commission “its designation of the name, mailing address, and physical address of a Person upon whom service may be made of any lawful notice, order, process, or demand.”³⁴ That person is the motor carrier’s designated agent upon whom the Commission may serve complaints and other notices.³⁵ And, regulated motor

³⁰ Rule 6008(e), 4 CCR 723-6.

³¹ *Id.*

³² §§ 40-10.1-112(1) and 40-6-108, C.R.S.; Rule 1302(h), 4 CCR 723-1, of the Commission’s Rules of Practice and Procedure; *see also* § 24-4-105(2), C.R.S.

³³ § 40-6-108(3), C.R.S.; Rule 1205(a) and (d), 4 CCR 723-1; *see also* § 24-4-104(10), C.R.S.

³⁴ Rule 6006(a), 4 CCR 723-6.

³⁵ *Id.*; Rule 1205(a) and (d), 4 CCR 723-1.

carriers are responsible for updating the Commission on changes to their designated agent, including the agent's mailing and email addresses, within two days of the change.³⁶ Service on a motor carrier's designated agent on file with the Commission is service upon the carrier and is "prima facie evidence" that the carrier received notice.³⁷ A certificate of service issued by the Commission's Director is *prima facie* evidence that service has been obtained.³⁸

25. In addition, Commission Rule 1205(a), 4 CCR 723-1, requires that a person filing any pleading or other document with the Commission must serve all other parties; the same rule allows parties to serve pleadings and documents by e-mail.

3. Burden of Proof

26. Staff carries the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence to demonstrate that the allegations in the Complaints are true and that the Complaints were properly served on each of the Respondents.³⁹ The preponderance standard requires the fact finder to determine whether the existence of a contested fact is more probable than its non-existence.⁴⁰ A party has met this burden of proof when the evidence, on the whole, tips in favor of that party.⁴¹

D. Findings, Analysis, and Conclusions

27. The ALJ concludes that Staff demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence that it properly served the Complaints and Attachment A thereto upon each of the Respondents

³⁶ Rule 6006(b), 4 CCR 723-6.

³⁷ Rule 6006(c) and (d), 4 CCR 723-6.

³⁸ § 40-6-108(3), C.R.S.

³⁹ § 24-4-105(7), C.R.S.; Rule 1500, 4 CCR 723-1.

⁴⁰ *Swain v. Colorado Dep't of Revenue*, 717 P.2d 507, 508 (Colo. App. 1985).

⁴¹ *Schocke v. State Dep't of Revenue*, 719 P.2d 361, 363 (Colo. App. 1986).

listed in Hearing Exhibit 5 by mailing them to the designated agents and addresses on file with the Commission for each of the Respondents.⁴²

28. The ALJ finds that the Complaints and Attachment A thereto comply with the relevant notice requirements because they: (a) inform Respondents that the Commission has received insurance or surety cancellation notices for each Respondent and the effective date of such cancellation; (b) advise Respondents that their authorities or permits are summarily suspended as of the coverage cancellation date; (c) notify Respondents that they may not conduct operations under their authorities or permits after the coverage cancellation and summary suspension date; (d) inform Respondents that the Commission has initiated a proceeding to permanently revoke their permits or authorities for failing to maintain and provide proof of effective insurance or surety coverage; (e) notify Respondents of the date, time, and means to attend the remote hearing on the Complaints at which Respondents have an opportunity to present data, views, and arguments; and (f) advise Respondents of the legal authority for the Complaints and relief sought.⁴³

29. In addition, the ALJ concludes that on July 26, 2022, Staff served Hearing Exhibits 1 to 5 on Respondents listed in Hearing Exhibit 5 at the e-mail addresses which Respondents provided. As such, Respondents had the opportunity to review those exhibits before and during the hearing.⁴⁴

30. The ALJ finds that Staff established by a preponderance of the evidence that the Commission received notice from the insurance or surety providers for the motor carriers

⁴² Hearing Exhibits 1 through 5; § 40-6-108(3), C.R.S.; Rules 1205(a) and (d) and 1302(g)(II)(e), 4 CCR 723-1; and Rule 6006(a) and (c), 4 CCR 723-6.

⁴³ Hearing Exhibits 1, 2, and 4; Rule 6009(e), 4 CCR 723-6; *see* §§ 40-6-108 and 24-4-105(2), C.R.S.

⁴⁴ *See* Rule 1205(a), 4 CCR 723-1; *see* Notice and Exhibit A to Notice; Hearing Exhibit 5. Exhibits were displayed on the video-conference screen during the hearing and were available to download during the hearing.

identified in Hearing Exhibit 5 that their insurance or surety coverage was or will be cancelled or terminated.⁴⁵ This creates the rebuttable presumption that the Respondent carriers listed in Hearing Exhibit 5 are in violation of their respective financial responsibility requirements.⁴⁶

31. The preponderance of the evidence established that the Respondents listed in Hearing Exhibit 5 are out of compliance with their respective financial responsibility requirements per § 40-10.1-107(3), C.R.S., and Rule 6008, 4 CCR 723-6 as of the time of the hearing. The ALJ finds that Staff established by a preponderance of the evidence that the Commission's records do not show a currently effective level of financial responsibility in such form and in such manner as required by § 40-10.1-107, C.R.S., and Rule 6008, 4 CCR 723-6, as noted in the Complaints against each Respondent listed in Hearing Exhibit 5. Finally, the ALJ concludes that Staff met its burden of proof to show by a preponderance of the evidence that the allegations in the Complaints against Respondents listed in Hearing Exhibit 5⁴⁷ are true.

32. To be clear, the above findings also apply to VEL Towing, Alpine Limousine, and Regio's Towing. Indeed, Mr. Torres testified that VEL Towing's insurance carrier has yet to submit proof of VEL Towing's insurance coverage. And, Messrs. Keelan and Lopez testified the Alpine Limousine's and Regio's Towing respective insurance carriers have thus far been unable to submit proof of insurance coverage with the Commission.

33. The ALJ understands that Messrs. Keelan and Lopez and/or the insurance carriers of VEL Towing, Alpine Limousine, and Regio's Towing may have faced confusion as to what steps must be taken to cause proof insurance to be filed with the Commission in the form and manner required. However, this confusion does not relieve VEL Towing, Alpine Limousine, and

⁴⁵ Hearing Exhibit 2.

⁴⁶ Rule 6008(e), 4 CCR 723-6.

⁴⁷ Hearing Exhibit 5 is attached to this Recommended Decision as Appendix A.

Regio's Towing of their obligations under Rule 6008. The Commission is statutorily mandated to ensure that motor carriers with an active PUC permit have the required insurance in place at all times, and that proof of the same is filed with the Commission.⁴⁸ This mandate means that the Commission must enforce the law against VEL Towing, Alpine Limousine, and Regio's Towing just as it would for other motor carriers. Indeed, the Commission's only means of performing its important duty to the public to ensure that persons who hold an active motor carrier authority meet their financial responsibility obligations is to require documentation of the carriers' current and effective insurance or surety furnished in a uniform format to the Commission. The holder of the authority is responsible for ensuring that documentation is provided to the Commission. § 40-10.1-107, C.R.S., and Rule 6008, 4 CCR 723-6. For all these reasons, the ALJ finds that the preponderance of the evidence establishes that the Respondents listed in Hearing Exhibit 5, have failed to do so. Except for Corrine D. Rash, Top Dawg, Tri State, Luke's Towing MUV Relocation, and Able Towing, this failure warrants revocation of their permits or authorities.

34. As to Corrine D. Rash, the ALJ finds that Corrine D. Rash's request to suspend her permit renders it unnecessary to revoke this Respondent's permit. As such, the Complaint against Corrine D. Rash will be dismissed.

35. As to Top Dawg, Tri State, Luke's Towing, MUV Relocation, and Able Towing, the ALJ finds that the ALJ finds that these motor-carriers caused proof insurance to be filed with the Commission in the form and manner required. As such, the Complaints against Top Dawg, Tri State, Luke's Towing, MUV Relocation, and Able Towing will be dismissed.

36. Respondents may take action before the effective date of this Recommended Decision to avoid revocation. First, carriers may avoid revocation by: (a) obtaining insurance or

⁴⁸ § 40-10.1-107(1) and (3), C.R.S.

surety coverage as required by Rule 6008, 4 CCR 723-6; and (b) causing proof of that insurance to be filed with the Commission in the form and manner required by Rule 6008, 4 CCR 723-6. The Complaints against carriers who take this action before the effective date of this Recommended Decision will be dismissed, and their permits will not be revoked.

37. In addition, limited regulation carriers,⁴⁹ luxury limousine carriers, household goods movers, towing carriers, and hazardous materials carriers who submit a form to cancel their permits or authorities before the effective date of this Recommended Decision may avoid revocation of their permits. The Complaints against carriers who take this action before the effective date of this Recommended Decision will be dismissed, and their permits will not be revoked. Permit cancellation forms are available on the Commission's website at:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B3u7jb_duOO2QWlrMF1vUDJoNjQ/view?.authuser=0.

38. Fully regulated intrastate carriers, including common carriers operating a shuttle service, sightseeing service, charter service, taxicab service, and contract carriers who submit an application to suspend their authority under Rule 6205, 4 CCR 723-6, before the effective date of this Recommended Decision, may also avoid revocation of their permits. The Complaints against carriers who take this action before the effective date of this Recommended Decision will be dismissed, and their permits will not be revoked. Applications to suspend a common carrier authority are available at:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B3u7jb_duOO2dXZ0UTN1XzBvRIU/view.

⁴⁹ Limited regulation carriers are defined as carriers who provide transportation service by charter bus, children's activity bus, fire crew transport, luxury limousine, Medicaid client transport, or off-road scenic charter. Rule 6001(qq), 4 CCR 723-6.

And, applications to suspend a contract carrier authority are available at:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/0B3u7jb_duOQ2U2JQS2dvek5HWm8/view.

39. Having a permit revoked, cancelled, or suspended does not always mean that a carrier's business is permanently terminated. Generally, Commission rules allow many types of motor carriers, including luxury limousine, household goods movers, and towing carriers, to obtain new permits without difficulty by filing an application.⁵⁰ For the most part, such permits may be obtained by completing an application that can be submitted to the Commission online, providing related supporting information and proof of financial responsibility, and paying a fee.⁵¹

40. Applications for luxury limousine, towing, or household goods mover permits are available at the following link: <https://doraapps.state.co.us/puc/TransportationApplications/>. Referenced carrier types who voluntarily cancel their permits or whose permits are revoked may reapply for a permit.

41. As provided below, this Recommended Decision will not become effective for 20 days after the date the Decision is mailed. This allows ample time for Respondents to take action to avoid a final Commission decision revoking their permits or authorities.

⁵⁰ While the ALJ does not warrant or otherwise guarantee this outcome, it is her understanding that carriers may request that a prior permit number be reinstated as part of the carrier's application for a permit.

⁵¹ Rule 6302 (luxury limousine application and permit); Rule 6503 (towing carrier application and permit); and Rule 6603 (household goods mover carrier application and permit). Carriers concerned about their ability to comply with application requirements may request that the Commission waive an application requirement, per Rule 1003(a), 4 CCR 723-1. That rule allows parties to request a waiver of a Commission rule; in deciding whether to waive a rule, the Commission may consider hardship, equity, or more effective implementation of a rule on an individual basis. 4 CCR 723-1. Such requests are decided on an individual and case-by-case basis and are outside the scope of this proceeding. *See* Rule 1003(a), 4 CCR 723-1.

42. Pursuant to § 40-6-109, C.R.S., the ALJ transmits the record of this proceeding, this recommended decision containing findings of fact and conclusions thereon, and a recommended order to the Commission.

III. ORDER

A. The Commission Orders That:

1. Consistent with the above discussion, the Complaints against Corrine D. Rash (PUC No. 55910, Case No. 12898-INS), Top Dawg (PUC No. T-04281, Case No. 12911-INS), Tri State (PUC No. T-05141, Case No. 12911-INS), Luke's Towing (PUC No. T-04724, Case No. 12866-INS), MUV Relocation (PUC No. T-00674, Case No. 12895-INS), and Able Towing (PUC No. T-03920, Case No. 12885-INS) are dismissed.

2. Except for the above-named Respondent, the authorities and permits listed in Appendix A, attached hereto, are revoked as of the effective date of this Recommended Decision.

3. Paragraph No. 2 of the Order section of this Recommended Decision (III.) will be void and the Complaint dismissed as to any Respondent who takes one of the following actions before the effective date of this Recommended Decision:

- a. cause the required Certificate of Insurance or surety to be filed with the Commission;
- b. files an Application to Suspend their permit or authority with the Commission, if allowed by Commission rules; or
- c. submits a permit cancellation form to the Commission, if allowed by Commission rules.

4. Proceeding No. 22C-0319-INS is closed.

5. This Recommended Decision shall be effective on the day it becomes the Decision of the Commission, if that is the case, and is entered as of the date above.

6. As provided by § 40-6-109, C.R.S., copies of this Recommended Decision will be served upon the parties, who may file exceptions to it.

7. a) If no exceptions are filed within 20 days after service or within any extended period of time authorized, or unless the decision is stayed by the Commission upon its own motion, this Recommended Decision will become the decision of the Commission and subject to the provisions of § 40-6-114, C.R.S.

b) If a party seeks to amend, modify, annul, or reverse basic findings of fact in its exceptions, that party must request and pay for a transcript to be filed, or the parties may stipulate to portions of the transcript according to the procedure stated in § 40-6-113, C.R.S. If no transcript or stipulation is filed, the Commission is bound by the facts set out by the administrative law judge and the parties cannot challenge these facts. This will limit what the Commission can review if exceptions are filed.

8. If exceptions to this Recommended Decision are filed, they may not exceed 30 pages in length, unless the Commission finds good cause and permits this limit to be exceeded.

(S E A L)



THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
OF THE STATE OF COLORADO

AVIV SEGEV

Administrative Law Judge

ATTEST: A TRUE COPY

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Doug Dean".

Doug Dean,
Director