



Dora NEWSLETTER

Department of Regulatory Agencies

June 2009

Division of Registrations

Bill Ritter, Jr.

Governor

D. Rico Munn

Executive

Director

Charles H. Adams

Program

Director

Board Members

Sandra C. Scanlon

PE, Chair

William "Bud" Starker

Public Member, Vice Chair

Axel K. Johnson III

PE, Secretary

Ronald K. Abo

Architect

Patrick D. Buckley

CBO, Public Member

Bryan M. Clark

PLS

Lawrence T. Connolly

PLS

Dan Corcoran

PLS

Dan C. Donegon

PE

Debra A. Ellis,

Public Member

Billy A. Harris, Jr.,

PE

Jeffrey W. Olson,

Architect

Michael E. Oney

Architect

Board Staff

Carmena Minor

Enforcement Analyst

Lynn Ramirez

Administrative Assistant

Marshall Irons

Administrative Assistant

Please contact us:

COLORADO AES BOARD

1560 Broadway, Suite 1350
Denver, Colorado 80202-6000
Tel.: 303-894-7800

Website:

<http://www.dora.state.co.us/aes>

COLORADO BOARD OF LICENSURE FOR ARCHITECTS, PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS AND PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS

Life Long Learning

By Sandra C. Scanlon, PE; Board Chair

Recent legislation, Senate Bill 08-029, requires architects to complete continuing education every two years in order to renew their Colorado architect license. While this legislation currently applies to architects only, I am often asked how this will affect engineers and surveyors in the future. I can't predict the future for this type of legislation, but I can be certain that life long learning is a necessary evil, if-you-will, for all professionals.

Why did I call it a necessary evil? Consider my 12-year-old's response (too bad you can't hear the sound effects that went with it) when I told him he would need to continue to learn even after college - "Why can't they just teach you everything you need to know in school?" It is not possible to teach everything there is to know in college let alone in high school. Specialized vocations and careers required further specialized training, on the job training, and priceless learning from experience. Continuing education is a part of life for all of us.

Many people confuse continued competency and continuing education. They are not the same. Continued competency is the cyclical process of self assessment, education and reassessment. Continuing education is the action necessary to stay competent within an ever increasing set of skills in today's world. Essentially, each professional - architect, engineer or surveyor needs to embrace life long learning in order to stay on top of their game.

At the National Council of Examiners for Engineering and Surveying national meeting last summer, the concept of the body of knowledge for each of the licensed professions was a hotly debated topic. Who defines the body



of knowledge for a mechanical engineer or a land surveyor? While some individuals will argue that the body of knowledge necessary to perform is related to their job at hand, others will argue that a broader understanding of a larger body of knowledge makes for a better and more rounded professional.

And then there are those that opine that if you admit to needing more training, then you might be consid-

ered or admitting you are incompetent. To state, for example, that I want to take a seminar in power system analysis does not mean I am incompetent in that subject area. But it does mean that I want to expand the body of knowledge I possess in that subject area. Each of us should honestly assess where we need enhancements to our individual skill sets and actively seek continuing education.

It is my hope that every professional would not deem themselves as "know it alls" and thus never need any additional training in their careers. On the contrary, life long learning is a necessary evil, if-you-will, to stay on top of the ever expanding body of knowledge in our advancing society.

Inside This Issue... On Page ...

The Plumbing Insider	3
New Board Members	5
Architect Renewals This Year	7
Renewal Information	7



**Consumer protection
is our mission**



Have You Moved Lately?

It's imperative that you notify the board office of your new address when you move so that we can keep you informed. It's also required by law! Change your address online at www.doradls.state.co.us.

A change of address form can also be found at www.dora.state.co.us/registrations/NameandAddress-Changes.htm.

If you would like to have the form faxed to you, instructions for receiving an automated fax copy can be found on that same website.

NEW!! Architects Continuing Education/Continuing Professional Competency: What You Need To Know

By Charles H. Adams, Program Director

Last year's legislative session produced legislation that required the Board to develop rules that require an architect to complete requirements prior to renewing his or her license. The Board did adopt new rules effective December 31, 2008. **Architects – here is what you need to know:**

Board Rule 4.9.3.1, found on the State Board website at <http://www.dora.state.co.us/aes/AESRulesPoliciesEffective123108.pdf>, has all of the detailed requirements.

I encourage all licensees to thoroughly read all of the rules concerning Architect's renewal requirements. However, I will outline some important points below.

Credit Required for License Renewal. Architects shall have acquired PDUs during the period prior to each license expiration date, July 31, in odd numbered years.

For the renewal period ending July 31, 2009 – 4 PDUs.

For the renewal period ending July 31, 2011 and thereafter – 16 PDUs.

PDUs need not be acquired within Colorado.

There is a requirement for a process or procedure that demonstrates whether the architect retained the material presented in the continuing education/continuing professional competency activity: That is a process or procedure that demonstrates retention may be any form of evaluation or assessment, such as:

An examination, quiz, or test given at the conclusion of a presentation, lecture, online course, etc.; or

A structured report process in a format approved by the Board.

Like I mentioned above, refer to all of the rules to find continuing educational activity criteria, acceptable and unacceptable activities examples, record keeping and documentation criteria, and exemption/exception criteria.

Other information on the development and background of this process can be found on the website at: <http://www.dora.state.co.us/aes/index.htm>.

During the renewal period, you will be asked to attest that you have complied with the requirements for continuing education

outlined in the Board rules. You will not need to submit any documentation of completed activities at the time of the renewal. The Board will implement an audit process to randomly select licensees to provide proof that they have complied with the requirements outlined in the Board rules.

At this time, the Board has not determined the specifics of this audit process following the renewal period.

If you have reviewed all of the requirements on the website, and you still have additional questions, you are always welcome to direct any questions you may have to Board staff. The best way to do this is to send us an email at:

aes@dora.state.co.us.



Oil & Gas Well Survey Plat Requirements

Submitted By Roger Nelson, PLS Project Manager, GeoSpatial Solutions Merrick & Company, Aurora, CO

A recent review of surveying practices relating to Oil & Gas Well Location Certificates (COGCC Rule 303(c)) has revealed concerns that should be addressed. The following is meant to clarify the position of the State Board of Licensure for Architects, Professional Engineers, and Professional Land Surveyors (Board) position regarding surveying requirements for these types of surveys.

In accordance with Onshore Oil & Gas Order Number 1 the components of a complete Application for Permit to Drill (APD) are, among others, a well plat and geospatial database prepared by a registered surveyor. Well plats under this order must depict the proposed location

of a well and identifying points of control and datum used to establish section lines. The purpose of the plat is to ensure



that operations are within the boundaries of the lease or agreement and that the depiction of these operations is accurately recorded both as to location (latitude and longitude – North American Datum 1983 or latest edition) and in relation to the surrounding lease or agreement boundaries (public land survey corner and boundary ties). Well plats are also required to show the distance in feet from the nearest two

adjacent section lines, or, if not within the Rectangular Survey System, the nearest two adjacent property lines. The surveyor

(Continued on page 3)

Oil & Gas Well Survey Plat Requirements

(Continued from page 2)

who prepared the plat must sign it, certifying that the location has been staked on the ground as shown on the plat.

These requirements are consistent with the COGCC rule 303 (c) in that they require a drawing showing the field measured dimensions of a well location relative to the nearer north/south and nearer east/west section lines measured at ninety (90°) degrees from said section line to the well. The latitude and longitude with a minimum of five decimal places shall be shown and all GPS data must be differentially corrected (COGCC Rule 215). Complete descriptions of all section corners and/or collateral evidence found shall be described.

Looking at how these requirements tie with Colorado State Law and State Board Rules will be the subject of discussion below. In order to meet the requirement of COGCC a surveyor must field survey the nearer north/south and nearer east/west section lines. Colorado Revised Statute (C.R.S.) § 38-51-102(11) defines "Land survey" as a series of observations and measurements made pursuant to Sections 38-51-103 C.R.S. (Procedure for subdividing section), § 38-51-104 C.R.S. (Monumentation of land surveys), and 38-51-105 C.R.S. (Monumentation of Subdivisions) for the purpose of locating or restoring any real property boundary. Section 38-51-103 C.R.S. states "Whenever a professional land surveyor conducts a survey for the purpose of locating a parcel of land which is described in terms of the nomenclature of the public land survey system, such professional land surveyor shall proceed according to the applicable rules contained in the current "Manual of Instructions for the Survey of the Public Lands of the United States" published by the United States government printing office; except that all monumentation shall conform to Section 38-51-104, C.R.S. When field surveying the controlling monuments to determine the nearer north/south and the nearer east/west section lines, monuments that are missing or that do not meet physical standards must be monumented or upgraded per § 38-51-104, C.R.S., monument records filed per § 38-53-104, C.R.S. and in addition to the 8 1/2" x 11" drawing required by the COGCC plats may need to be deposited with the County per § 38-51-107, C.R.S. Any controlling

monuments used to establish the nearer north/south and nearer east/west section lines also shall meet physical standards defined in § 38-51-104 C.R.S., monument records filed per § 38-53-104, C.R.S. and plats deposited with the County per § 38-51-107, C.R.S. The minimum physical standards (Board Rule 6.4.1) for section corner, quarter section corner, one-sixteenth section corner, General Land Office/Bureau of Land Management (government) lot corner, or any corner established by a Public Land Survey Monument (PLSM), as defined in Section 38-53-103(18), C.R.S. (1994), requires that the corner shall be monumented with a metallic pipe or rod possessing a magnetic field and having a minimum outside diameter of 3/4 inch, a minimum length of 30 inches, and a two-inch minimum diameter durable metallic cap. Per COGCC Rule 303(c)(13) each controlling aliquot monument must be completely described and collateral evidence found shall be described. Per 12-25-217 all **documents**, plats, and reports **resulting from the practice of land surveying shall be identified with and bear the seal or facsimile, signature and date of signature of the land surveyor in responsible charge.**

In summary, performing oil & gas well location surveys constitutes the practice of professional land surveying and therefore falls under regulation of the State Board of Licensure for Architects, Professional Engineers, and Professional Land Surveyors. All monuments must meet the physical standards in Board Rule 6.4.1, monument records must be completed per § 38-53-104, C.R.S., Land Survey Plats may need to be deposited with the County per § 38-51-107, C.R.S., and the professional land surveyor in responsible charge must sign, seal and date the resulting work.

References:

[Federal Register: March 7, 2007 (Volume 72, Number 44)]
[Rules and Regulations]
[Page 10307-10338]
Colorado Oil & Gas Conservation Commission (COGCC) Rule 303(c) and 215
<http://www.dora.state.co.us/aes/lawsrulespolicies.htm>

The PLUMBING Insider

Your connection to the State Examining Board of Plumbers

By Daryl Kuiper, Inspector Supervisor

How about something new in your newsletter? What could be more exciting than a little plumbing update? This is my first attempt to step outside the cast iron, copper and PVC pipes of plumbingdom. There have been some code changes in the 2006 International Plumbing Code that have caused some consternation. I have also given guidance to plumbers and inspectors that might affect you. It is time for me to share and not make you guess. So here we go.

I am the Plumbing Inspector Supervisor for the State of Colorado Examining Board of Plumbers. I have been in this position for a year and I am glad to have been given

the opportunity to share some information with you.

First, a little about me, I am a licensed master plumber who ran a plumbing and heating company for 13 years. I have been in the inspection/plan review business now 10 years. My educational background includes a master's degree in mathematics. At the State level, we inspect the new plumbing and gas piping in all state building and all public schools. We inspect residential and commercial plumbing and gas piping in those governmental jurisdictions that invite us to do their inspections for them. We also license

(Continued on page 4)

The PLUMBING Insider

(Continued from page 3)

plumbers and establish code minimums.

My philosophical approach is to follow the code and its intent as closely as possible. My goal is to provide the best safety and functionality to the consumer within reasonable cost. To do that, I intend to provide strong educational opportunities for my inspectors and relish opportunities to communicate with groups that utilize our services such as you. I am an active participant with the International Code Council at both the state and national level.

Second, I have been busy attempting to clarify and elucidate the 2006 International Plumbing Code, the 2006 International Residential Code and the 2006 International Fuel Gas code. I want to provide a uniform, tangible and visible platform for all of us in the construction industry to use.

This is an on-going project. Codes, conditions and understandings change rapidly. I would hope for a meaningful dialogue with you and others. To that end I would like to share with you the clarifications I have given my inspectors and would welcome your comments.

A. Water Heater Pans:

Additional clarifications for Section 504.7 of the 2006 IPC and Section 2801.5 of the 2006 IRC. Unless the flooring is of water impervious material sloped to the floor drain, either a 24 gauge sheet metal pan or a listed water heater pan shall be installed under any tank holding water in any new installation. Such pan shall be of water tight construction and shall meet the minimum requirements of the water heater manufacturer. The Temperature and Pressure drain shall be allowed to terminate into this pan when properly air gapped since the **Temperature and Pressure relief valve should not leak anymore than the tank should**. In other words, they should only leak when defective or broken. No other fixture or appliance shall be allowed to use this pan as an indirect waste receptor since it is not one.

NOTE: Tankless water heaters are exempt from this requirement (i.e. no pan required).

B. Clothes washers in toilet rooms:

Additional clarification for Section 802.3 IPC 2006 or 2706 IRC 2006. Waste receptors are not allowed in bathrooms/toilet rooms. Thus clothes washers cannot be in toilet rooms by virtue that a standpipe, that is the pipe into which the clothes washer drain hose is inserted, is an indirect waste receptor.



EXCEPTION: 1. Private toilets/bath rooms used as changing rooms in E, I-1, I-2, and I-4.
2. R-3 and R-4 occupancies. Note: These occupancies are usually thought of as homes covered by the IRC.

C. Common lavatories for male and female toilet facilities:

Per Section 405.3.2 of the 2006 IPC, the required lavatories must be in the same room as the required toilets. Per Section 403.2 of the 2006 IPC, separate facilities are required for each sex. Separate facilities cannot be in the same room. Therefore the required lavatories cannot be for common use because if they were for common use, they would have to be in the same room.

D. NOTE: The purpose of a floor drain is to drain floors and act as an emergency drain. Floor drains are, in general, not indirect waste receptors. However as a matter of expense and expediency, residentially we are allowing the "quad drain" style drain with 7" diameter head to serve both functions and ask that the condensate drain piping to be turned down into the bowl of the drain to minimize the splash and flooding. Condensates may not be allowed to exit the condensate pipe and run across the floor to the indirect waste receptor. This is not an approved place of disposal as required by Section 314.2.1 of the 2006 IPC. Indirect waste receptors are to be placed so that the condensate piping running to them does not constitute a trip hazard.

E. Regarding Section 904.2 of the 2006 IPC and Section 3103.2 of the 2006 IRC, it shall be our policy to assume every locale in the State of Colorado has a design temperature of 0 degrees F, thus requiring a minimum 3" vent termination.

RATIONALE: We are striving for uniformity across the state. Since most of the listed areas in this state are within a few degrees of this temperature and there are large areas of the state where the design temperature is not published in the 2006 IPC, as this code provides only one vent terminal needs to extend to the outside, it is imperative that this vent terminal remain open during inclement weather.

Hopefully this will help to insure that the vent will function even in the worst of weather in Colorado.

(Continued on page 5)

The PLUMBING Insider

(Continued from page 4)

- F. Regarding Section 1002.4 of the 2006 IPC and Section 3201.2 of the 2006 IRC, it shall be our policy to require trap primers in every trap whose seal could be lost due to evaporation both commercially and residentially.

RATIONALE: Even though historically we have not required residential trap seal protection, it is in the code.

Therefore we should enforce it on all new construction. In the past, when houses were not so tight it was possible to overlook a little sewer gas leakage into a home but now that we are experiencing tight construction this leakage could contribute to "sick building syndrome". I do not believe that we now have the luxury of turning a blind eye to this code requirement. Furthermore, more homeowners are less knowledgeable about the mechanical intricacies of their homes and do not realize the importance or function of traps and the effects of evaporation on trap seals.

- G. All fixtures must be set and operational (including hot/tempered) water before final inspection requests can be honored. The only exception is for fixture stubs that are permanently capped using listed capping materials (water supply and drain). These fixtures will be noted on the final inspection report as "not completed". Plumbing appliances such as water heaters, disposers, ice machines, soda machines, coffee machines, and

filters shall also be fully installed and functional before a final inspection can be completed. The only exception to this rule shall be dishwashers and clothes washers in residential applications. However all valves and hammer arrestors, and "candy canes" shall be installed prior to final completion of the inspection. A "candy cane" is a piping configuration consisting of two 1/2" copper street 90 degree ells soldered together in a "u" pattern followed by a minimum 6" piece of 1/2" copper followed by a 1/2" 45 degree ell. The "candy cane" shall be attached to the dishwasher standpipe with a hose clamp so that the street ell hangs over the top of the "wye" fitting. The dishwasher installer has only to hook his/her hose to the 45 degree ell and hook up the water to the already installed hammer arrestor. Similarly the clothes washer installer need only hook the drain hose into its receiver and install the two water hoses.

- H. As of the middle of December 2006, EZFLEX CSST water pipe has been approved. The manufacturer sizes piping from IPC sizing charts.

It was my intention that this article would promote dialogue and provide information that would make your job easier. I do not like guessing at what minimal code is and I bet you do not either. I hope this is just the beginning of that dialogue.

Affidavit of Eligibility Requirements

Effective January 1, 2007, all applicants requesting original licensure, renewal of an active license, or reinstatement of a lapsed license must complete and sign the [Affidavit of Eligibility Form](#).

No license can or will be issued without this form.

The good news is that you can complete this form online when you use Registrations Online Services!

You must possess at least one secure and verifiable document and include information about that document on the Affidavit itself (or provide the information during online renewal).

The list of secure and verifiable documents is available to you when you renew online.

We also have a web page where you can read the law, look at the Affidavit, and see the list of acceptable documents.

www.dora.state.co.us/registrations/Affidavit.htm

Welcome New AES Board Members!



Ron Abo has been practicing architecture in the Denver area since 1972. His areas of practice are commercial and public architecture, educational facilities, multi-family housing, historic architecture, urban design, and planning.

The Abo Group, Inc.'s list of clients currently include: City and County of Denver, Denver Public Schools, University of Colorado at Boulder, University of Colorado School of Dental Medicine, Chatfield State Park, National Institute of Standards and Technology, RTD, Denver International Airport, Retirement Housing Foundation, and the National Renewable Energy Laboratory.

Notable Projects that Ron Abo has participated in:

Concourses A, B, and C at Denver International Airport, Tropical Discovery at the Denver Zoo, Morrison Horticulture Center at Denver Botanic Gardens, Highland Square at 32nd and Lowell, Grant Humphries Mansion Historic Renovation, Castle Marne Historic Adaptive Re-use.

(Continued on page 6)

(Continued from page 5)

Welcome New AES Board Members!

Patrick Buckley is a public member of the State of Colorado Board of Licensure for Architects, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors. Appointed by Governor Ritter in 2007 he is fulfilling a four year term expiring in 2011.

Patrick is the building official for the City of Commerce City, Colorado, a city of 48,000 located northeast of the Denver metro area. He is responsible for management of building department functions including the administration and enforcement of the City's adopted building codes as well as plan review, permitting, inspection, and contractor licensing.

Patrick has worked in municipal government in Colorado for sixteen years in a variety of capacities including building inspector, plans examiner, planner, public works director and building official. He served as 2007 president of the Colorado Chapter of the International Code Council and is active in several state chapter and International Code Council committees including the building code development process.

Patrick grew up in Loveland and still lives there with his wife Lissa and son Henry.



Debra Ellis is the newest public member on the Board. She has made her career in design firm administration since 1991.

In 1997, Debra accepted a position with Barker Rinker Seacat Architecture, a 32-person full-service architectural firm that specializes in Community Architecture. She is an Associate in the firm and as the Office and Benefits Administrator; she oversees the day-to-day operations of the firm as well as assists with marketing and project administration.

Debra joined the Society of Architectural Administrators (now known as the Society for Design Administration) in 1991 and served as the National President in 2007/2008.

In 1997, Debra became a Certified Design Firm Administrator. She was named National Member of the Year for the Society for Design Administration in 1998.

Debra and her husband Kevin live in Aurora, CO and



Larry Connolly is President and Co-Owner of Animas Surveying & Mapping in Durango. Licensed in Colorado and New Mexico, he is also County Surveyor for La Plata County, Colorado.

A graduate of Idaho State University in Pocatello, Larry began his career with the US Forest Service. He was both a Party Chief and a Project Manager for Merrick & Company, and a Party Chief for Gray Land Consultants/Western States Surveying, and for Clark-Reed & Associates.

Larry has been Director of the Professional Land Surveyors of Colorado since 2003. He has been a member of its Legislative Committee, and has served as President and Treasurer of the organization's Southwest Chapter. He is also a member to represent County Surveyors on the County Elected Officials Salary Commission to the Governor, and is a member of the Four Corners Area Surveying Seminar Committee. Larry's hobbies include backcountry skiing, cooking, music and travel.



Dan Donegon is a principal with HCDA Engineering, Inc., a structural engineering company in Colorado Springs. Their main engineering focus is in building design, working primarily with architectural clients. The majority of the firm's work includes educational facilities throughout Colorado.

Dan joined HCDA Engineering in 1979 after working nearly two years in Denver with Richard Weingardt Consultants, Inc. He is a graduate of Colorado State University with a B.S. degree in civil engineering and a M.S. degree in engineering with an emphasis in structural engineering. Dan is a member of the American Council of Engineering Companies (ACEC), the American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE) and Structural Engineers Association of Colorado (SEAC). He is a past member of the YMCA of the Pikes Peak Region Metropolitan Board and is currently the chairman of the YMCA Camp Shady Brook building committee.

Dan and his wife, Bev, celebrated their 30th wedding anniversary in 2008 and have two grown children, Chris and Kim, who both live in the northern Colorado area.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR SERVICE!

The Board Staff would like to thank the following former Board members for their exemplary service to the people of Colorado: Cheri Gerou, AIA; Thomas Hawkinson; Paul Gilbert, PE-PLS; Peter Monroe, PE; and Judy Scott.

Architect Renewals This Year!

We will send out renewal notices in June. You have until July 31, 2009 to renew your license. There is a 60-day renewal grace period following the license expiration date, during which time you will have to pay an additional late fee to renew your license. If you have not renewed your license before the 60-day grace period has ended, your license will be lapsed and you must then apply for reinstatement to

continue practicing architecture. If you do not, you will be practicing without a license, which is a violation of Colorado law. Any license not renewed by September 30, 2009 will be a lapsed license and must go through a reinstatement process to become active again.

You can pay your renewal fee online using a credit card, debit card or a prepaid credit card.

Architects Changing the Status of Your License from Active to Inactive

If you need to change your Architects license status from Active to Inactive, then you will not be able to renew online. You will need to contact the Division at 303-894-2984 and request a hard copy renewal form. Please make sure to leave the representative your name, license type, license number (or your Social Security Number), and your mailing address.

If you would like to change your status from Inactive to Active you may not do so online. You will have to complete your renewal as Inactive then complete the "Status Change Application" and pay the applicable fee. Please visit the website at <http://www.dora.state.co.us/aes/licensing/ARC.htm> for all necessary applications.

Colorado Board of Licensure for Architects, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors

1560 Broadway, Suite 1350
Denver, Colorado 80202-6000
Tel.: 303-894-7800

Email: laaes@dora.state.co.us

Website: <http://www.dora.state.co.us/aes>

Help Wanted! Renew On Time!!

Your help is desperately desired to help us help you stay out of trouble with the Board!

"What?!?!", you say.

The Board sees a number of situations every year of individuals who have failed to renew their license to practice on time. The reasons that are offered boil down to some common themes: I forgot; I thought I renewed but I guess I didn't; I moved and I forgot to notify the Board so I never got the renewal notice; I thought that my assistant/secretary/wife/boyfriend, et cetera, handled it.

The result is that depending on how long it takes for the individual to "remember" to renew, the Board often takes disciplinary action against the individual because it is against the law to practice architecture, engineering, and land surveying without an active license.

So, here's where we need your help. And the steps are just 1-2-3 easy!

1. Go to the Division of Registrations website at www.dora.state.co.us/registrations and click on Registrations Online Services.
2. Select the option for "I have an individual license."
3. Click the link for "Set up your password" and follow the instructions.

4. Once you have logged into your account, check your mailing address and update it if it is not correct.

5. Also, check your license status to be sure it is active and note the expiration date in your calendar to remind yourself of when it is time to renew.

6. Make note of your password and when your license is 45 days away from renewal, come back to the site to renew electronically.

And maybe you have prevented someone from falling into this problem that can have long-lasting consequences.

7. This is perhaps the most important step in helping us: Tell every other licensee that you know in your company, in the next office, in your association, on your projects, in your social circles, and in your neighborhood...please!

See? That wasn't so hard, huh? And maybe you have prevented someone from falling into this problem that can have long-lasting consequences.

If you happen to find that you do have an expired license, the process and forms to reinstate your license can also be found online at <http://www.dora.state.co.us/aes/forms.htm>.

Remember, it is each licensee's responsibility to renew his or her license on time and to keep the Board informed of any address changes. With our online system, you can handle all of this yourself in real time, any time, day or night.

DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

Below is the list of individuals disciplined by the Board from July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008

Smith, Mitchell Clare	Letter of Admonition	7/5/07
Webb, Dean Leroy	Letter of Admonition	7/6/07
Feroldi, Robert L	Stipulation Vacated	7/13/07
Fisher, Larry Fred	Stipulation	7/13/07
Reinelt, Douglas Paul	Stipulation	7/19/07
Odom, Richard H.	Stipulation	7/25/07
Leafgren, Doug	Cease & Desist	8/10/07
O'Brien, Patrick John	Letter of Admonition	8/26/07
Vernon, Russell M.	Letter of Admonition	8/29/07
Delgado, Guadalupe Peter	Suspension	8/30/07
Ballou, Michael John	Letter of Admonition	8/31/07
Mai, Thu	Cease & Desist	8/31/07
Paul, Clifford Robert	Stipulation	8/31/07
Purrlington, Julia Caroline	Stipulation	8/31/07
Schirmer, Thomas John	Stipulation	8/31/07
Goertzen, David L	Stipulation	9/14/07
Liddle, Daniel A	Letter of Admonition	9/25/07
Reeder, Kevin W	Letter of Admonition	9/25/07
Simpson, Georgia K	Letter of Admonition	9/25/07
Visani, Donaldo H	Letter of Admonition	9/25/07
Thompson, James Oliver	Agreement	10/4/07
Hein, Robin Anthony	Cease & Desist	10/11/07
Beahm, Douglas	Letter of Admonition	10/15/07
Desmone, Charles Luke	Letter of Admonition	10/15/07
Flynn, Donald Edward	Letter of Admonition	10/15/07
Haston, Jason Jude	Letter of Admonition	10/15/07
Keyes, Charles Dean	Letter of Admonition	10/15/07
Masson, Stephen Andrew	Letter of Admonition	10/15/07
Mosby, Randall Lee	Letter of Admonition	10/15/07
Romberg, Richard M.	Letter of Admonition	10/15/07
Wallace, David L.	Letter of Admonition	10/15/07
Williams, Clement Ray	Letter of Admonition	10/15/07
Almirall, Robert	Letter of Admonition	10/25/07
Brainerd, Sally Rich	Letter of Admonition	11/6/07
Brown, Robert Lee	Letter of Admonition	11/6/07
Stegmaier, James A	Stipulation	11/9/07
Weeks, Gary G	Stipulation	11/9/07
Craig, Alison Anne	Stipulation	11/15/07
Adams, Kelly C.	Voluntary Surrender	11/20/07
Pickett, Kris A	Stipulation	11/20/07
Morrison, Matthew James	Cease & Desist	12/6/07
Rappaport, Glenn Howard	Stipulation	12/17/07
Miller, Michael J.	Letter of Admonition	12/28/07
Crowe, Joel B.	Voluntary Surrender	1/11/08
Dulaney, Daniel Patrick	Stipulation	1/11/08
Mendenhall, Keith Philip	Stipulation	1/11/08
Hall, Russell Ben	Stipulation	1/18/08
Mcdonnell, William Abdrew	Stipulation	1/18/08

(Continued on page 9)

DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

Below is the list of individuals disciplined by the Board from July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008

(Continued from page 8)

	Meyer, Michelle Martine	Letter of Admonition	2/7/08
	Meyer, Scott Robert	Letter of Admonition	2/8/08
	Abbas, Matthew Karl	Stipulation	2/19/08
	Baumann, David R	Stipulation	2/19/08
	Griffith, Arthur R. Jr.	Stipulation	2/19/08
Click here for step-by-step instructions http://www.dora.state.co.us/doraimages/regdd.htm You may view documents by last name, licensing board or other search options such as date range.	Hardesty, Ryan James	Stipulation	2/19/08
	Snow, Jack Krusen	Letter of Admonition	2/25/08
	Stacy, Edgar Allen, III	Letter of Admonition	3/4/08
	Galterio, Anthony John	Stipulation	3/14/08
	Hessler, Jr., Walter	Cease & Desist	3/14/08
	Epstein, Richard Hays	Stipulation	4/11/08
	Shifter, Mark F.	Agreement	4/11/08
	Swanson, Jeffrey Scott	Stipulation	4/11/08
	Pecci, Jason Lawrence	Revocation	4/14/08
	Medine, Allen J	Stipulation	4/21/08
	Zelenok, David	Stipulation	4/21/08
	Bell, Nathan	Letter of Admonition	5/6/08
	Burden, Otto L.	Letter of Admonition	5/6/08
	Dezman, Lawrence	Letter of Admonition	5/6/08
	Foster, Brock	Letter of Admonition	5/6/08
If you are interested in viewing the disciplinary action documents, please visit Registrations Online Documents (ROD), found at www.dora.state.co.us/registrations/ROD.htm .	Kozinski, Peter	Letter of Admonition	5/6/08
	Myer, David	Letter of Admonition	5/6/08
	Pauls, Chester	Letter of Admonition	5/6/08
	Rehring, John	Letter of Admonition	5/6/08
	VanAuken, Matthew	Letter of Admonition	5/6/08
	Birza, William C.	Stipulation	5/9/08
	Keist, Richard Ronald	Stipulation	5/9/08
	Moss, Richard	Stipulation	5/9/08
	Nakhjovani, David	Stipulation	5/9/08
	Poncelet, Nicole	Cease & Desist	5/9/08
	Barta, Ronald Edward	Cease & Desist	6/13/08
	Ernst, Frederick	Stipulation	6/13/08
	Gallegos, Timothy Allen	Revocation	6/19/08
	Passman, Joshua Philip	Revocation	6/19/08

REGISTRATION ONLINE DOCUMENTS (ROD)

ROD is a website that allows the consumer to view images of scanned disciplinary documents through the Internet. In reviewing a licensee's information, it is important to know what is and is not available from the agency about Colorado licensees.

The following information WOULD appear on a record under Board or Program Actions if applicable to the licensee:

1. If a licensee had been disciplined or formally accused of wrongdoing by the Board or Program.
2. If the Board or Program has taken some other non-disciplinary action against the licensee that restricts or limits the individual's license.

Board/Program Action Documents available via Registrations Online Documents (ROD)

- All **Stipulations**, **Final Agency Orders**, and **Suspensions** that were in effect in February 2000 plus any that became effective since that date. Child support suspensions are not available online but may be obtained by contacting the appropriate Board.
- Any document **Revoking** or agreeing to a **Voluntary Relinquishment/Surrender** of license or registration, **Cease and Desist Orders** and **Letters of Admonition** from January 1, 1999 to the present.
- All **Injunctions**.
- All **Notice of Charges** or **Formal Complaints**, if the information is a public record, for cases that were pending hearing as of February 2000.
- **Jury verdicts** against a physician or physician assistant in a civil medical liability trial that occurred after August 3, 2004.